Journal of Pharmaceutical and Scientific Innovation

www.jpsionline.com

Research Article

MICROWAVE-ASSISTED SYNTHESIS OF SOME BIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE PYRAZOLE DERIVATIVES

Swarnkar Deepak*, Ameta Rakshit, Vyas Ritu Department of Chemistry, Paher University, Udaipur, Rajasthan, India *Corresponding Author Email: swaranakardeepak@gmail.com DOI: 10.7897/2277-4572.035196

Received on: 10/08/14 Revised on: 21/09/14 Accepted on: 17/10/14

ABSTRACT

Moksha

3-(4-Substituted phenyl)-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole (2a-c), 3-(4-substituted phenyl)-2-5-diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole (3a-c), [5-(4-substituted phenyl)-3-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-1-yl](pyridine-4-yl)methanone (4a-c), [5-(4-substituted phenyl)-3-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-1-yl](pyridine-3-yl)methanone (5a-c) and 5-(4-substituted phenyl)-3-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-1-carbothioamide (6a-c) have been synthesized by microwave assisted synthesis of 3-(4-Substituted phenyl)-1-phenylprop-2-en-1-ones (Chalcones) (1a-c) with hydrazine hydrate, phenyl hydrazine, isoniazide, nicotinic hydrazide or thiosemicarbezide, respectively. The synthesized compounds were characterized by IR and ¹H NMR spectral data. Synthesized compounds have been estimated for probable activities using PASS (http://www.195.172.207.233/PASS). **Keywords**: Pyrazoles, PASS, Activity prediction, Microwave irradiation.

INTRODUCTION

Pyrazoles and their substituted derivatives are most extensively investigated class of organic compounds and important biological agents. Malladi et al.1 reported the synthesis, characterization and antibacterial activity of some new pyrazole based Schiff bases whereas Hassan et al.² have synthesized some new pyrazoline and pyrazole derivatives and their antibacterial and antifungal activity. Synthesis and anti tubercular activity of novel 3,5-diaryl-4,5-dihydro-1Hpyrazole derivatives have been studied by Alegaon³ while Anand *et al.*⁴ have carried out the synthesis, antimicrobial and antioxidant activities of some new 3-indolyl pyrazolo[2,3-c]pyran and its derivatives. Novel N-((1,3substituted diphenyl-1H-pyrazole-4-yl)methylene)-2methylindoline-1-amine derivatives using MTT method have been synthesized by Thakrar et al.⁵ and they have also studied their anti-HIV activity. Design, Synthesis and Biological evaluation of Pyrazole analogues of Natural Piperine have been synthesized by Mathew et. al.⁶ and studied their anti-inflammatory activity. Kalusalingam et. al.⁷ have Synthesized some pyrazole derivatives and their anticonvulsant activity. Kenichi et. al.8 have reported design, synthesis and pharmacological evaluation of N-bicyclo-5chloro-1H-indole-2-carboxamide derivatives as potent glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor and anti-diabetic activity while Bhattaglia et al.9 studied indole amide derivatives: synthesis, structure- activity relationships and molecular modellings studies of a new series of histamine H₁-receptor antagonists and anti-histaminic activity. Zalaru et al.¹⁰ have synthesized some novel 2-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)-acetamidesas lidocaine analogue and studied their anesthetic activity. Amir and Sahu et al.^{11,12} reported analgesic activity of pyrazole derivatives whereas Vrma and Kang et al. 13,14 studied insecticidal activity of pyrazole derivatives.^{15,16}

MATERIALS AND METHODS

All melting points reported are uncorrected and were determined on open capillary tube apparatus. The ¹H NMR spectra were recorded in CDCl₃/DMSO-d6 solutions on a DRX-300 MHz spectrometer (300 MHz) using TMS as internal standard with chemical shifts are expressed in δ ppm. The IR spectra were measured on a Perkin-Elmer 157 spectrometer using KBr pellets. All the reactions routinely

monitored by Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) using silica gel-G. Spots were exposed in an iodine chamber.

General procedure for preparation of chalcone (1a-c)

A convenient route for the synthesis of α , β -unsaturated ketones (Chalcone) was achieved by the reaction of p-substituted benzaldehyde (0.005 mol) with acetophenone (0.005 mol) in the presence of piperidine, under microwave irradiation for 2 minutes. The reaction is being monitored by TLC method. After the completion of reaction, the mixture was quenched with cold water with crushed ice. The extract was washed with distilled water, dried and purified by re crystallization from ethanol.

General procedure for preparation of compound (2a-c), (3a-c), (4a-c), (5a-c) and (6a-c)

A mixture of the chalcone (0.004 mol.), corresponding hydrazines (hydrazine hydrate, phenyl hydrazine, isoniazide, nicotinic hydrazide or thiosemicarbezide) (0.004 mol) in ethanol (10 mL) with glacial acetic acid (2 drop) was irradiated under microwaves for 1 minute. The reaction is being monitored by TLC method (Eluent: CHCl₃-MeOH (7:3)). After the completion of reaction, the mixture was quenched with cold water with crushed ice and kept overnight at room temperature. The solid obtained was washed with distilled water and recrystallized from ethanol.

3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-5-phenyl-2, 3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole (2a)

Yield 79 %, m.p. 179°C ; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3381, 3411 (N-H pyrazole); 3045 (–Ar-CH); 1350 (C-F str.); ¹H NMR (DMSO d_6) δ : 9.98, 9.82 (2H, NH); 4.62 (N-CH); 6.62-7.24 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for $C_{15}H_{13}FN_2$: C, 74.98; H, 5.45; N, 11.66 %. Found: C, 74.59; H, 5.27; N, 11.51 %.

3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-phenyl-2, 3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole (2b)

Yield 77 %, m.p. 172° C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3384, 3413 (N-H pyrazole); 3043 (–Ar-CH); 750 (C-Cl str.); ¹H NMR (DMSO d₆) δ : 9.96, 9.78 (2H, NH); 4.65 (N-CH); 6.57-7.26 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃ClN₂: C, 70.18; H, 5.10; N, 10.91 %. Found: C, 70.22; H, 5.01; N, 10.82 %.

3-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-2, 3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole (2c)

Yield 82 %, m.p. 185°C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3379, 3408 (N-H pyrazole); 3038 (–Ar-CH); 3337 (O-H str.); ¹H NMR (DMSO d_6) δ : 9.92, 9.81 (-NH, pyrazole); 4.68 (N-CH); 6.49-7.21 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for $C_{15}H_{14}N_2O$: C, 75.61; H, 5.92; N, 11.76 %. Found: C, 75.45; H, 5.81; N, 11.69 %.

3-(4-Fluorophenyl)-2, 5-diphenyl-2, 3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole (3a)

Yield 71 %, m.p. 198°C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3415 (N-H, pyrazole); 3048 (–Ar-CH); 1342 (C-F str.); ¹H NMR (DMSO d₆) δ : 9.76 (NH, pyrazole); 5.42 (N-CH); 6.58-6.99 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. For C₂₁H₁₇FN₂: C, 79.72; H, 5.42; N, 8.85 %. Found: C, 79.51; H, 5.34; N, 8.81 %.

3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2, 5-diphenyl-2, 3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole (3b)

Yield 76 %, m.p. 193°C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3421 (N-H, pyrazole); 3052 (–Ar-CH); 762 (C-Cl); ¹H NMR (DMSO d₆) δ : 9.72 (NH, pyrazole); 5.58 (N-CH); 6.51-7.05 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₁₇ClN₂: C, 75.78; H, 5.15; N, 8.42 %. Found; C, 75.58; H, 5.12; N, 8.36 %.

3-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-2, 5-diphenyl-2, 3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole (3c)

Yield 73 %, m.p. 187° C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3426 (N-H pyrazole); 3057 (-Ar-CH); 3342 (O-H str.); ¹H NMR (DMSO d₆) δ : 9.73 (NH, pyrazole); 5.52 (N-CH); 6.54-6.98 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₁₈N₂O: C, 80.23; H, 5.77; N, 8.91 %. Found: C, 80.11; H, 5.64; N, 8.88 %.

[5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-2, 5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-1yl](pyridine-4-yl)methanone (4a)

Yield 82 %, m.p. 169°C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3421 (N-H pyrazole); 3054 (-Ar-CH); 1595 (C=N); 1654 (C=O); 1352 (C-F str.); ¹H NMR (DMSO d_6) δ : 9.72 (NH, pyrazole); 5.54 (N-CH); 6.54-7.28 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₁₆FN₃O: C, 73.03; H, 4.67; N, 12.17 %. Found: C, 73.09; H, 4.54; N, 12.08 %.

[5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-3-phenyl-2, 5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-1-yl](pyridine-4-yl)methanone (4b)

Yield 79 %, m.p. 171°C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3419 (N-H pyrazole); 3049 (-Ar-CH); 1592 (C=N); 1655 (C=O); 756 (C-Cl str.); ¹H NMR (DMSO d_6) δ : 9.74 (NH, pyrazole); 5.52 (N-CH); 6.53-7.29 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₁₆ClN₃O: C, 69.71; H, 4.46; N, 11.61 %. Found: C, 69.47; H, 4.39; N, 11.51 %.

[5-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-2, 5-dihydro-1*H*pyrazole-1-yl](pyridine-4-yl)methanone (4c)

Yield 76 %, m.p. 175°C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3417 (N-H pyrazole); 3047 (-Ar-CH); 1597 (C=N); 1655 (C=O); 3336 (O-H str.); ¹H NMR (DMSO d₆) δ : 9.76 (NH, pyrazole); 5.56 (N-CH); 6.51-7.25 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₁₇N₃O₂: C, 73.45; H, 4.99; N, 12.24 %. Found: C, 73.39; H, 4.85; N, 12.04 %.

[5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-2, 5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-1-yl](pyridine-3-yl)methanone (5a)

Yield 78 %, m.p. 171°C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3423 (N-H pyrazole); 3053 (-Ar-CH); 1594 (C=N); 1657 (C=O); 1354 (C-F str.); ¹H NMR (DMSO d_6) δ : 9.73 (NH, pyrazole); 5.52

(N-CH); 6.54-7.29 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for $C_{21}H_{16}FN_3O$: C, 73.03; H, 4.67; N, 12.17 %. Found: C, 73.00; H, 4.55; N, 12.04 %.

[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-phenyl-2, 5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-1-yl](pyridine-3-yl)methanone (5b)

Yield 76 %, m.p. 172° C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3421 (N-H pyrazole); 3050 (-Ar-CH); 1591 (C=N); 1656 (C=O); 759 (C-Cl str.); ¹H NMR (DMSO d₆) & 9.73 (NH, pyrazole); 5.53 (N-CH); 6.51-7.25 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₁₆ClN₃O: C, 69.71; H, 4.46; N, 11.61 %. Found: C, 69.49; H, 4.35; N, 11.54 %.

[5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-2, 5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-1-yl](pyridine-3-yl)methanone (5c)

Yield 78 %, m.p. 177° C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3419 (N-H pyrazole); 3049 (-Ar-CH); 1598 (C=N); 1657 (C=O); 3337 (O-H str.); ¹H NMR (DMSO d₆) δ : 9.78 (NH, pyrazole); 5.54 (N-CH); 6.50-7.24 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₁₇N₃O₂: C, 73.45; H, 4.99; N, 12.24 %. Found: C, 73.36; H, 4.81; N, 12.07 %.

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-phenyl-2, 5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-1-carbothioamide (6a)

Yield 84 %, m.p. 188°C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3310 (NH₂), 3375 (N-H pyrazole); 3049 (-Ar-CH); 1243 (C=S); ¹H NMR (DMSO d₆) δ : 7.38 (2H, NH₂); 9.79 (NH, pyrazole); 4.67 (N-CH); 6.54-7.31 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄FN₃S: C, 64.19; H, 4.71; N, 14.04 %. Found: C, 64.13; H, 4.65; N, 14.00 %.

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-phenyl-2, 5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-1-carbothioamide (6b)

Yield 79 %, m.p. 176°C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3308 (NH₂), 3377 (N-H pyrazole); 3052 (-Ar-CH); 1241 (C=S); ¹H NMR (DMSO d₆) δ : 7.39 (2H, NH₂); 9.76 (NH, pyrazole); 4.65 (N-CH); 6.56-7.28 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄ClN₃S: C, 60.85; H, 4.47; N, 13.31 %. Found: C, 60.80; H, 4.35; N, 13.24 %.

5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-2, 5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-1-carbothioamide (6c)

Yield 74 %, m.p. 168°C; IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3313 (NH₂), 3375 (N-H pyrazole); 3046 (-Ar-CH); 1245 (C=S); ¹H NMR (DMSO d₆) δ : 7.41 (2H, NH₂); 9.82 (NH, pyrazole); 4.68 (N-CH); 6.53-7.29 (Ar-H); Anal. Calcd. for C₁₆H₁₅N₃OS: C, 64.62; H, 5.08; N, 14.13 %. Found: C, 64.53; H, 5.00; N, 14.04 %.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The starting compounds 3-(4-substituted phenyl)-1phenylprop-2-en-1-ones (Chalcones) (1a-c) react with corresponding hydrazides in ethanol containing a few drops of glacial acetic acid under microwave irradiation to give (2ac), (3a-c), (4a-c), (5a-c) and (6a-c). The structure was established though IR and ¹H NMR spectral data. The IR spectra of (2a-c) exhibited absorption bands for primary amine (-NH) at 3379-3413 cm⁻¹, (-N-N) at 1244- 1248 cm⁻¹ and (-C-N) at 1084-1085 cm⁻¹. The ¹H NMR spectra of these compounds revealed signals at $\delta = 9.92 - 9.78$ ppm for (-NH) ring proton, a singlet at $\delta = 4.62-4.68$ ppm for (-N-CH) at pyrazole ring, a multiplet at $\delta = 6.49-7.26$ ppm for the aromatic protons. The IR of (3a-c) exhibited absorption bands for primary amine (-NH) at 3415-3426 cm⁻¹ and (-N-N) at 1240-1242 cm⁻¹ and (-C-N) at 1108-1118 cm⁻¹. The ¹H NMR spectra of these compounds revealed signals at $\delta = 9.73$ - 9.76 ppm for (-NH) proton, a singlet at $\delta = 5.42$ -5.58 ppm for (-N-CH) at pyrazole ring and a multiplet at $\delta = 6.51$ -7.05 ppm for the aromatic proton. The IR of (4a-c) exhibited absorption bands for primary amine (-NH) at 3417-3421 cm⁻¹, (-C=N) at 1592-1597 cm⁻¹, (-C=O) at 1654-1655, (-N-N) at 1241-1245 cm⁻¹ and (-C-N) at 1085-1120 cm⁻¹. The ¹H NMR spectra of these compounds revealed signals at $\delta = 9.72$ -9.76 ppm for (-NH) ring proton, a singlet at $\delta = 5.52$ -5.56 ppm for (-N-CH) at pyrazole ring and a multiplet at $\delta = 6.51$ -7.29 ppm for the aromatic proton. The IR of (5a-c) exhibited absorption bands for primary amine (-NH) at 3419-3423 cm⁻¹, (-C=N) at 1591-

1598 cm⁻¹, (-C=O) at 1656-1657, (–N-N) at 1242-1244 cm⁻¹ and (-C-N) at 1074-1121 cm⁻¹. The ¹H NMR spectra of these compounds revealed signals at $\delta = 9.73-9.78$ ppm for (-NH) proton, a singlet at $\delta = 5.52-5.54$ ppm for (-N-CH) at pyrazole ring and a multiplet at $\delta = 6.50-7.29$ ppm for the aromatic proton. The IR of (6a-c) exhibited absorption bands for primary amine (-NH) at 3375-3377cm⁻¹, 3308-3313 cm⁻¹ for (-NH₂), 1241-1245 cm⁻¹ for (–C=S). The ¹H NMR spectra of these compounds revealed signals at $\delta = 9.76-9.82$ ppm for (-NH) proton, a singlet at $\delta = 4.65-4.68$ ppm for (-N-CH) at pyrazole ring and a multiplet at $\delta = 6.53-7.31$ ppm for the aromatic proton.



Scheme1. Synthesis of compound (2a-c), (3a-c), (4a-c), (5a-c) and (6a-c)

Activity		PKI	SGRKI	TDDI	CVP2A8	Analgesic	AV	AI	ANP	Nootropic	ATR
rictivity		1 101	South	1001	substrate	Thangeste	110		(brain cancer)	rootropic	mb
2a	Ра	0.872	0.844	0.624	0.485	0.232	0.358	0.643	0.350	-	-
	Pi	0.002	0.001	0.050	0.037	0.132	0.049	0.053	0.125	-	-
2b	Ра	0.858	0.836	0.822	0.798	0.302	0.492	0.274	0.278	-	0.228
	Pi	0.002	0.001	0.010	0.004	0.037	0.054	0.093	0.167	-	0.134
2c	Ра	0.854	0.836	0.798	-	0.241	0.447	0.409	0.510	-	0.266
	Pi	0.002	0.001	0.013	-	0.115	0.077	0.020	0.068	-	0.094
3a	Ра	0.417	0.417	0.490	0.536	0.797	0.325	0.203	0.344	-	-
	Pi	0.018	0.018	0.092	0.027	0.008	0.190	0.184	0.015	-	-
3b	Ра	0.825	0.374	0.735	0.825	0.778	0.471	0.203	0.368	-	-
	Pi	0.003	0.030	0.024	0.003	0.005	0.064	0.184	0.011	-	-
3c	Ра	0.139	0.409	0.700	0.619	0.632	0.426	0.325	0.363	-	0.220
	Pi	0.017	0.019	0.031	0.016	0.016	0.091	0.054	0.012	-	0.144
4a	Ра	0.111	0.393	0.566	0.515	0.220	0.234	0.557	0.333	0.568	0.212
	Pi	0.030	0.024	0.066	0.031	0.173	0.159	0.090	0.134	0.091	0.154
4b	Ра	0.098	0.357	0.789	0.814	0.243	0.419	0.614	0.175	0.447	0.266
	Pi	0.043	0.337	0.015	0.003	0.111	0.095	0.065	0.097	0.175	0.094
4c	Ра	-	0.388	0.760	0.432	-	0.377	0.663	0.466	0.455	0.313
	Pi	-	0.025	0.020	0.050	-	0.130	0.046	0.088	0.169	0.064
5a	Ра	0.126	0.378	0.423	0.505	0.219	-	0.586	0.330	0.613	-
	Pi	0.021	0.028	0.122	0.033	0.174	-	0.077	0.135	0.071	-
5b	Ра	0.112	-	0.678	0.809	0.229	0.321	0.641	0.284	0.487	-
	Pi	0.030	-	0.036	0.004	0.137	0.195	0.054	0.162	0.141	-
5c	Ра	0.129	0.374	0.639	0.423	-	-	0.225	0.437	0.493	0.245
	Pi	0.021	0.030	0.046	0.052	-	-	0.152	0.091	0.136	0.115
6a	Pa	0.105	0.386	-	-	0.268	0.330	0.290	0.380	-	-
	Pi	0.036	0.026	-	-	0.123	0.067	0.170	0.112	-	-
6b	Ра	-	0.347	0.469	0.601	0.259	0.358	0.259	0.322	-	-
	Pi	-	0.042	0.101	0.018	0.084	0.149	0.202	0.140	-	-
6c	Pa	-	0.381	0.426	-	-	0.349	0.295	0.500	-	0.232
	Pi	-	0.027	0.121	-	-	0.099	0.075	0.072	-	0.131

Table 1: Activity prediction data of synthesized compounds

TDDI: Taurine dehydrogenase inhibitor, SGRKI: Serum-glucocorticoid regulated kinase inhibitor, PKI: Protein kinase inhibitor, AV: Antiviral, AI: Anti-inflammatory, ANP: Anti-neoplastic, ATB: Anti-tuberculosis

Activity prediction

The biological activity of the 3-(4-substituted phenyl)-5phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazole (2a-c), 3-(4-substituted phenyl)-2-5-diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrazole (3a-c), [5-(4phenyl)-3-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazole-1substituted yl](pyridine-4-yl)methanone (4a-c), [5-(4-substituted phenyl)-3-phenyl-2,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazole-1-yl](pyridine-3yl)methanone (5a-c), 5-(4-substituted phenyl)-3-phenyl-2,5dihydro-1H-pyrazole-1-carbothioamide (6a-c) were obtained by PASS software. The predictions were carried out based on analysis of training set containing about 10000 drugs and biologically active compounds. This set was considered as reference for known chemical compounds as well as different biological activities; percent activity (pa) and inactivity (pi) of compounds (2a-c), (3a-c), (4a-c), (5a-c) and (6a-c) have been represented in Table 1.

CONCLUSION

CADD has considerably extended its range of applications, spanning almost all stages in the drug discovery pipeline, from target identification to lead discovery, from lead optimization to preclinical or clinical trials.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Authors are thankful to the Head, Department of Chemistry, Paher University, Udaipur, Rajasthan, India for providing laboratory facilities and the Head, Department of Pharmacy for providing spectral and analytical data.

REFERENCES

 Malladi S, Isloor AM, Fun HK. Synthesis, characterization and antibacterial activity of some new pyrazole based Schiff bases. Arab J Chem 2013; 6 (3): 335-340. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.arabjc. 2011.10.009

- Hassan SY. Synthesis, antibacterial and antifungal activity of some new pyrazoline and pyrazole derivatives. Molecules 2013; 18 (3): 2683-2711. http://dx.doi.org/10.3390/molecules18032683
- Alegaon SG, Alagawadi KR, Dadwe DH. Synthesis and anti tubercular activity of novel3, 5-diaryl-4, 5-dihydro-1H-pyrazole derivatives. Drug Res 2014; 64 (10): 553-558. http://dx.doi.org/10.1055/s-0033-1363976
- Anand RS, Manjunatha Y. Synthesis antimicrobial and antioxidant activities of some new 3-indolyl pyrazolo[2,3-c]pyran and its derivatives. Indian J Chem 2012; 51B: 380-387.
- Thakrar S, Pandya N, Vala H, Bavishi A, Radadiya A, Pannecouque C, Shah AK. Synthesis and anti-HIV activity of novel N-((1, 3-substituted diphenyl-1H-pyrazole-4-yl)methylene)-2-methylindoline-1-amine derivatives using MTT method, Chem and Bio Interface 2012; 2: 107-115.
- Mathew A, Sheeja M, Kumar A, Radha K. Design, Synthesis and Biological evaluation of Pyrazole analogues of Natural Piperine. Hygeia J D Med 2011; 3 (2): 48-56.
- Kalusalingam A, Arumugamb I, Velayuthamb R, Natarajanc U, Johnsamuela AJS, Promwichit P. Synthesis, characterization and anticonvulsant activity of some pyrazole derivatives. J Global Pharma Tech 2011; 3(3): 25-30.
- Kenichi O, Ryota S, Takashi O, Kazuhiro Y, Kazuriho M, Naoko K, Masaya O, Tomohiko Y, Masako F, Noritaka H, Makato T, Minoru O, Mitsuaki O, Shin Ichi T. Design, synthesis and pharmacological evaluation of N-bicyclo-5-chloro-1H-indole-2-carboxamide derivatives as potent glycogen phosphorylase inhibitor. Bio org Med Chem 2008; 16 (23): 10001-10012. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.bmc.2008.10.021
- Bhattaglia S, Baldrini E, Settimo FD, Dondio G, Motta CL, Marini AM, Primofiore G. Indole amide derivatives: synthesis, structure- activity relationships and molecular modellings studies of a new series of histamine H₁-receptor antagonists. Eur J Med Chem 1999; 34: 93-105. http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0223-5234(99)80044-0
- Zalaru C, Dumitrascu F, Draghici C, Lovu M, Marinescu M, Tarcomnicu I, Nitulescu GM. Synthesis and biological screening of some novel 2-(1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)-acetamidesas lidocaine analogue. Indian J Chim 2014; 53B: 733-739.
- Amir M, Kumar S. Synthesis and anti inflammatory, analgesic, ulcerogenic and lipid peroxidation activities of 3,5-dimethyl pyrazoles, 3-methylpyrazol-5-ones and 3,5- disubstituted pyrazolines. Indian J Chem 2005; 44B: 2532-2537.

- Sahu SK, Banerjee M, Samantray A, Behera C, Azam MA. Synthesis, Analgesic, Anti inflammatory and Antimicrobial activities of some novel pyrazoline derivatives. Trop J Pharm Res 2008; 7 (2): 961-968. http://dx.doi.org/10.4314/tjpr.v7i2.14664
- Verma RK, Nayal SS. Study of insecticidal activity of some pyrazole derivatives against American cockroaches. Indian J Chem Tech 2003; 10: 347-349.
- Kang S, Song B, Yang S. Design, Synthesis and insecticidal activity of novel acetamido derivatives containing *N*-pyridylpyrazole carboxamides. Euro J Med Chem 2013; 67: 14-18. http://dx.doi.org/ 10.1016/j.ejmech.2013.06.023
- Rajagopal Kalirajan, V Muralidharan, Selvaraj Jubie, S Sankar. Microwave assisted synthesis, characterization and evaluation for their antimicrobial activities of some novel pyrazole substituted 9-anilino acridine derivatives. International Journal of Health and Allied Sciences 2013; 2 (2): 81-87. http://dx.doi.org/10.4103/2278-344X.115682
- Swarnkar Deepak, Ameta Rakshit, Vyas Ritu. Microwave-assisted synthesis, characterization and biological activity of some pyrazole derivatives. Int. Res. J. Pharm 2014; 5(6): 459-462. http://dx.doi.org/ 10.7897/2230-8407.050694

Source of support: Nil, Conflict of interest: None Declared



How to cite this article:

Swarnkar Deepak*, Ameta Rakshit, Vyas Ritu. Microwave-assisted synthesis of some biologically active pyrazole derivatives. J Pharm Sci Innov. 2014;3(5):463-467 http://dx.doi.org/10.7897/2277-4572.035196